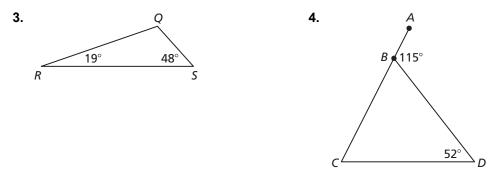
## 6.6 Practice B

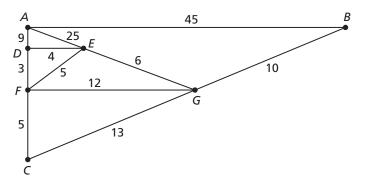
In Exercises 1 and 2, list the angles of the given triangle from smallest to largest.



In Exercises 3 and 4, list the sides of the given triangle from shortest to longest.



- 5. Write an indirect proof that a right triangle has exactly two acute angles.
- 6. Is it possible to construct a triangle with side lengths 5(2x 6), 3x + 80, and  $x^2 + 41$  if x = 9? Explain.
- **7.** The figure shows several triangles, with labeled side lengths. Which of the triangles are labeled correctly? Explain.



**8.** Your friend claims that if you are given the three angle measures of a triangle, you can construct a triangle that obeys the Triangle Inequality Theorem, even if you are not given any of the side lengths. Is your friend correct? Explain your reasoning.