

3.6 Practice B

In Exercises 1–6, use the Distance Formula to write an equation of the parabola.

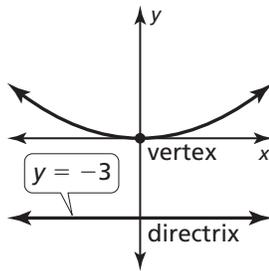
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|---|---|--|
| 1. focus: $(0, 5)$
directrix: $y = -5$ | 2. focus: $(0, -6)$
directrix: $y = 6$ | 3. focus: $(0, 4)$
directrix: $y = -4$ |
| 4. vertex: $(0, 0)$
directrix: $y = 8$ | 5. vertex: $(0, 0)$
focus: $(0, -7)$ | 6. vertex: $(0, 0)$
directrix: $y = -2$ |

In Exercises 7–12, identify the focus, directrix, and axis of symmetry of the parabola. Graph the equation.

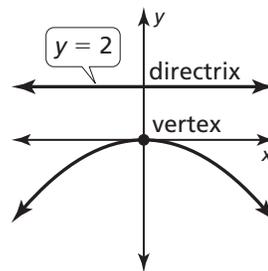
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|---------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| 7. $y = -\frac{1}{32}x^2$ | 8. $x = \frac{1}{4}y^2$ | 9. $y^2 = 12x$ |
| 10. $-x^2 = 36y$ | 11. $8x^2 + 2y = 0$ | 12. $2x^2 - y = 0$ |

In Exercises 13 and 14, write an equation of the parabola shown.

13.



14.



In Exercises 15–20, write an equation of the parabola with the given characteristics.

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| 15. focus: $(0, -\frac{1}{4})$
directrix: $y = \frac{1}{4}$ | 16. focus: $(-12, 0)$
directrix: $x = 12$ | 17. focus: $(\frac{3}{5}, 0)$
directrix: $x = -\frac{3}{5}$ |
| 18. vertex: $(0, 0)$
directrix: $y = \frac{2}{3}$ | 19. vertex: $(0, 0)$
focus: $(-\frac{3}{4}, 0)$ | 20. vertex: $(0, 0)$
directrix: $x = -\frac{1}{3}$ |

In Exercises 21–24, identify the vertex, focus, directrix, and axis of symmetry of the parabola. Describe the transformations of the graph of the standard equation with $p = 1$ and vertex $(0, 0)$.

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|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 21. $x = -\frac{1}{16}(y - 2)^2 - 3$ | 22. $y = 8(x + 2)^2 - 1$ |
| 23. $x = 5(y + 3)^2 + 6$ | 24. $y = -\frac{1}{32}(x + 1)^2 + 9$ |