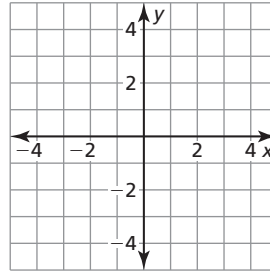
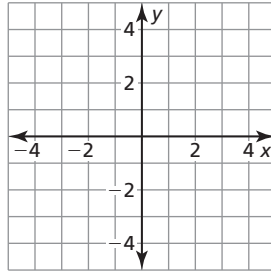
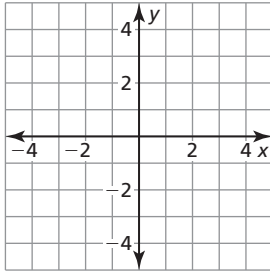


# Chapter 11 Test A

Graph  $\triangle ABC$  with vertices  $A(1, 2)$ ,  $B(-2, 0)$ , and  $C(-2, 3)$  and its image after the translation.

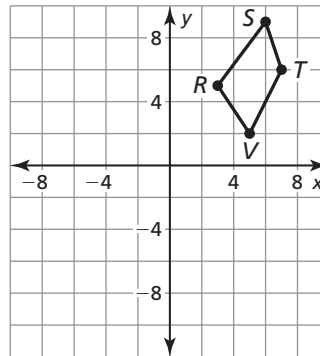
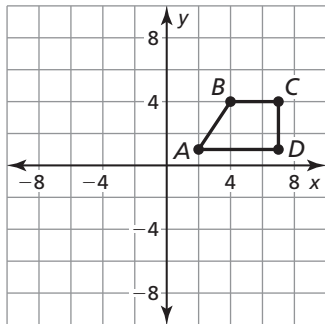
1.  $(x, y) \rightarrow (x + 1, y)$     2.  $(x, y) \rightarrow (x - 2, y)$     3.  $(x, y) \rightarrow (x + 3, y - 2)$



Graph the polygon's image after a reflection in the given line.

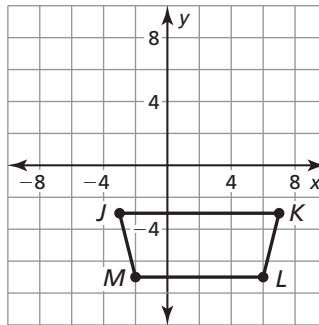
4.  $x = 2$

5.  $y = -1$

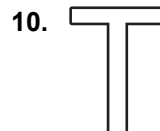
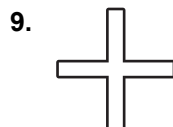
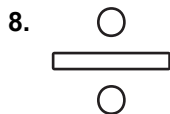


6. Identify the line symmetry (if any) of the word CHECKBOOK?

7. Trapezoid  $JKLM$  is rotated  $180^\circ$  clockwise about the origin. What are the new coordinates of  $J'K'L'M'$ ?



Determine whether the figure has rotational symmetry. If so, describe any rotations that map the figure onto itself.



### Answers

1. See left.
2. See left.
3. See left.
4. See left.
5. See left.
6. \_\_\_\_\_
7. \_\_\_\_\_
8. \_\_\_\_\_
9. \_\_\_\_\_
10. \_\_\_\_\_

# Chapter 11 Test A (continued)

Determine whether the polygons with the given vertices are congruent. Use transformations to explain your reasoning.

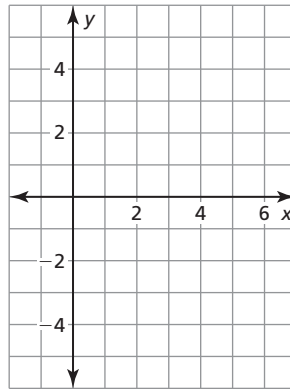
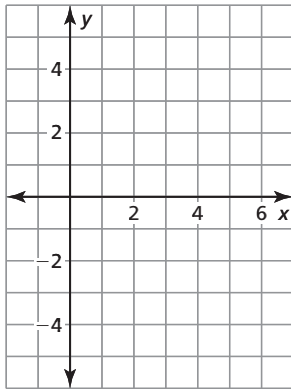
**Answers**

- 11.  $A(8, -6), B(1, -3), C(1, -9)$  and  $D(-7, 1), E(0, -2), F(0, 4)$
- 12.  $J(-4, 1), K(-10, 3), L(-10, 9), M(-4, 7)$ , and  $N(4, 2), O(2, -8), P(-4, -8), Q(-2, 2)$

11. \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

The endpoints of  $\overline{AB}$  are  $A(4, 5)$  and  $B(6, -3)$ . Translate  $\overline{AB}$  using the given vector. Graph  $\overline{AB}$  and its image.

- 13.  $\langle -2, -3 \rangle$
- 14.  $\langle 0, -2 \rangle$



12. \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

13. See left.

14. See left.

15. \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

- 15.  $\triangle ABC$  has  $m\angle A = 40^\circ$  and  $m\angle B = 60^\circ$ .  $\triangle DEF$  has  $m\angle D = 40^\circ$  and  $m\angle F = 80^\circ$ . Your partner concludes that the triangles are not similar. Do you agree or disagree? Why?

16. \_\_\_\_\_

- 16. In the diagram, the figure is reflected in line  $k$ . The image is then reflected in line  $m$ . Describe a single transformation that maps  $E$  to  $E''$ .

